



# **Kingsdown School**

## **Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy**

### **2025-2026**

Policy Consultation & Review

This policy is available on our school website and is available on request from the school office. We also inform parents and carers about this policy when their children join our school.

We recognise the expertise our staff build by undertaking safeguarding training and managing safeguarding concerns on a daily basis and we therefore invite staff to contribute to and shape this policy and associated safeguarding arrangements.

The policy is provided to all staff at induction alongside our Staff Code of Conduct, behaviour policy and the safeguarding response to those pupils/students who are absent from education. In addition, all staff are provided with Part One of the statutory guidance ['Keeping Children Safe in Education'](#), DfE (2025).

This policy will be reviewed in full by the Governing Board on an annual basis. This policy was last reviewed and agreed by the Governing Board on 15<sup>th</sup> September 2024. It is due for review on **15<sup>th</sup> September 2025**.

Review			
Review Cycle	Date of Current Policy	Author(s) of Current Policy	Review Date
Annual	15/09/2024	Karen Agambar	15/09/2025

Ratification			
Role	Name	Signature	Date
Chair of Governors	Vanessa Edwards		
Head Teacher	Emma Leigh-Bennett		
Loaded to website			

Details of Policy Updates	
Date	Details
<b>27/07/2025</b>	The policy was revised in July 2025 to reflect the changes in national guidance as a consequence of the publication of revisions to ' <i>Keeping Children Safe in Education</i> ' on 7 <sup>th</sup> July 2025 pending publication of the final version which will <b>become statutory on 1st September 2025</b> . All schools and colleges must have regard to <i>Keeping Children Safe in Education</i> when carrying out their duties to safeguard and promote the welfare of children. Until 1 September 2025, schools and colleges must continue to use the current statutory guidance dated September 2024.

## CONTENTS

<b>Policy</b>
Definitions
Introduction
Equalities Statement
Overall Aims
Expectations
Role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead
Governing Body/ Chair of Trustees/ Management Committee
Training
Safer Recruitment
Staff Support
Support for Children
Whole School Approach
Identification of those at Increased Risk, or have Additional Safeguarding Needs
Extra Familial harm – Harm outside the home
Allegation Management
Key Safeguarding Areas
<b>Procedures</b>
Reporting concerns
Involving parents and carers
Multi-agency working
Escalation/Professional disagreement
Exclusions
Private fostering arrangements
Mandatory Reporting of Female Genital Mutilation
Children missing from education
Alternative Provision
Child on child abuse/ Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children
Serious Violence
The Prevent Duty
Sharing Information
Transfer of Safeguarding Records when a child leaves our school
<b>Appendices</b>
Appendix A- Forms of abuse and neglect
Appendix B- Concerns About a Child
Appendix C- Concerns About a Member of Staff
Appendix D- Dealing with a disclosure of abuse
Appendix E- Local contact numbers

## Policy

**This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies**

- Behaviour
- Recruitment and Selection
- Whistleblowing
- RLT Code of Conduct for Staff
- Anti-Bullying Child on Child Abuse
- Online Safety
- Mental Health
- Policy on Supporting Children in Care
- Attendance including safeguarding response to children who go missing
- Health and Safety

## Definitions

**Safeguarding** is defined as:

- Providing help and support to meet the needs of children as soon as problems emerge
- Protecting children from maltreatment, whether that is within or outside the home, including online
- Preventing the impairment of children's mental and physical health or development
- Ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
- Taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.

**Child Protection** is defined in the Children Act 1989 (s.47) and refers to when a child is suffering or is likely to suffer significant harm. Under statutory guidance and legislation action must be taken to safeguard and promote the child's welfare.

## **Introduction**

At Kingsdown School safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone's responsibility. Everyone at Kingsdown School who comes into contact with children and their families and carers has a role to play in safeguarding children. Kingsdown School recognises that we are an important part in the wider safeguarding system. All staff will understand and recognise that a one size fits all approach may not be appropriate for all children and a more personalised or contextualised approach for more vulnerable children, children who are victims of abuse and some SEND children may be needed. In order to fulfil this responsibility effectively, all staff will make sure their approach is child-centred. This means that they will consider, at all times, what is in the best interests of the child.

Kingsdown School has an expectation that all staff have a responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of children by:

- The provision of a safe environment in which children and young people can learn;
- Reporting any concerns about a child's welfare
- Supporting social workers and other agencies following any referral
- Fulfilling our statutory responsibilities to identify children who may need extra help or who are suffering, or are likely to suffer, significant harm.
- Working to protect children from maltreatment, to prevent the impairment of children's mental and physical health or development
- Always acting to enable all children to have the best outcomes

All action taken by Kingsdown School will be in accordance with:

Current legislation and Statutory guidance:

Working Together to Safeguard Children (2023) which sets out the multiagency working arrangements to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people and protect them from harm; in addition, it sets out the statutory roles and responsibilities of schools.

Keeping Children Safe in Education (2025) is statutory guidance issued by the Department for Education which all schools and colleges must have regard to when carrying out their duties to safeguard and promote the welfare of children.

The Teacher Standards 2012 state that teachers, including head teachers, should safeguard children's wellbeing and maintain public trust in the teaching profession as part of their professional duties.

All staff at Kingsdown School have a duty and responsibility to safeguard children and young people attending our setting, irrespective of their role. Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone's responsibility. 'Children' includes everyone under the age of 18.

- Everyone who comes into contact with children and their families has a role to play. In order to fulfil this responsibility effectively, all practitioners should make sure their approach is child centred. This means that they should consider, at all times, what is in the best interests of the child:
- All staff will be responsible for identifying concerns early and providing a coordinated offer of early help when additional needs of children are identified and contributing to inter-agency plans to provide additional support to children subject to child protection plans. These concerns will be discussed with our Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or their deputy.
- All staff will be aware of the systems within our school which support safeguarding, this includes the child protection/safeguarding policy, behaviour policy, staff behaviour policy and the safeguarding response to children who go missing from education
- All staff should be aware of the local early help process and understand their role within it. Staff should be prepared to identify children who may benefit from early help and contribute towards it. Early help means providing support as soon as a problem emerges at any point in a child's life.
- All staff will be aware of the process and principles for sharing information within the school, which supports safeguarding.
- All staff will understand the expectations, applicable roles and responsibilities in relation to filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place
- The most important consideration is whether sharing information is likely to safeguard and protect a child. Any staff member who has a concern about a child's welfare should follow our school's referral processes.
- All staff will be aware that safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours can be associated with factors outside the school or college and/or can occur between children outside of these environments. All staff, but especially the designated safeguarding lead (and deputies) should consider whether children are at risk of abuse or exploitation in situations outside their families. Extra-familial harms take a variety of different forms and children can be vulnerable to multiple harms including (but not limited to) sexual abuse (including harassment and exploitation), domestic abuse in their own intimate relationships (teenage relationship abuse), criminal exploitation, serious youth violence, county lines and radicalisation.

## **Equalities Statement**

We are committed to anti-discriminatory practice and recognise children and families' diverse circumstances. We ensure that all children have the same protection, regardless of sex, race, disability, religion or belief, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, or sexual orientation (protected characteristics). With regards to safeguarding, we will consider our duties under the Human Rights Act 1998 and the Equality Act 2010 in relation to making reasonable adjustments, non-discrimination and our Public Sector Equality Duty.

All staff will recognise that a child being subjected to harassment, violence and/or abuse, including that of a sexual nature, may breach any or all of these rights.

### **Overall Aims**

This policy will contribute to the safeguarding of students at Kingsdown School by:

- Clarifying standards of behaviour for staff and students
- Contributing to the establishment of a safe, resilient and robust safeguarding ethos in the school, built on mutual respect, and shared values
- Teaching children about safeguarding, including online safety, through teaching and learning opportunities, as part of broad and balanced curriculum
- Alerting staff to the signs and indicators of safeguarding issues including abuse and neglect
- Ensuring early help and support is provided to children who are showing signs of being drawn into anti-social behaviour or criminal behaviour, including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups or county lines
- Developing staff awareness of the causes and consequences of abuse and neglect
- Developing staff awareness of the risks and vulnerabilities their students face by addressing concerns at the earliest possible stage
- Reducing the potential risks students face of being exposed to violence, extremism, exploitation or victimisation;
- Working in partnership with students, parents and agencies.

This policy will contribute to supporting students at Kingsdown School by:

- Identifying and protecting the most vulnerable
- Taking a contextual safeguarding approach to understanding the risks presenting to children outside the family home, taking into consideration extra familial harm
- Taking seriously the risks presented to children by children, with particular vigilance for child-on-child sexual harassment and sexual violence
- Assessing individual needs where possible
- Designing plans to meet those needs.

### **Expectations**

All staff will:

- Be familiar with this safeguarding policy, in addition to this all staff will be aware of the systems in place which support safeguarding including
  - o Reading the Behaviour Policy;
  - o The Staff Behaviour Policy (code of conduct);

- o Our safeguarding response to children who are absent from education, particularly on repeat occasions and/or prolonged periods
  - o The role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL).
- Be subject to Safer Recruitment processes and checks, whether they are new staff, supply staff, contractors, volunteers etc.
- All staff will read and understand **Part 1** of statutory guidance Keeping Children Safe in Education (2025).
- Be involved, where appropriate, in the implementation of individual education programmes, integrated support plans, child in need plans and inter-agency child protection plans.
- Know who and how to contact the DSL and any deputies, the Chair of Governors, and the Governor responsible for safeguarding.
- Be alert to signs and indicators of possible abuse and neglect, identify if a child is at risk of harm, be able to identify vulnerable learners and take action to keep them safe.
- Understand what to do should a child tell them they are being abused, exploited or neglected; Staff will manage the requirement to maintain an appropriate level of confidentiality by involving only those who need to be involved.
  - o Staff will never promise a child that they will not tell anyone about a report of any form of abuse.
  - o Staff will understand that children may not be ready or know how to make a disclosure, and/or they may not recognise their experiences as harmful.
- Staff will act with professional curiosity and speak to the DSL if they have concerns about a child.
- All staff should be aware that children can abuse other children at any age (referred to as child-on-child abuse). And that it can happen both inside and outside of school or college and online.
- All staff will have an awareness of Contextual safeguarding issues that can put children at risk of harm. Behaviours linked to safeguarding where issues such as drug taking and/or alcohol misuse, deliberately missing education, serious violence (including that linked to county lines), radicalisation and consensual and non-consensual sharing of nude and semi-nude
- Be clear as to the school's policy and procedures regarding child-on-child abuse, children absent from education, children who have persistently low and severe absence, and children requiring mental health support
- Record concerns appropriately and in a timely manner by using the setting's safeguarding systems.
- Be aware of the need to raise to the senior leadership team any concerns they have about safeguarding practices within the school.
- Adhere to the school's Staff Behaviour Policy (sometimes called Code of Conduct) and behaviour management policies;



- Have the skills, knowledge and understanding to keep Care Experienced children safe;
- Be aware of signs of abuse or neglect and the additional barriers to recognising abuse and neglect in children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) and those with relevant health conditions and young carers;
- Be aware of their legal responsibility to report cases of FGM to the police. Whilst all staff should speak to the designated safeguarding lead (or deputy) with regard to any concerns about female genital mutilation (FGM), there is a specific **legal** duty on **teachers**. If a **teacher**, in the course of their work in the profession, discovers that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under the age of 18, the teacher **must** report this to the police. Those failing to report such cases may face disciplinary sanctions. (KCSIE 2025)
- Understand that regulated professionals have a mandatory reporting duty to report cases of known FGM. Teachers are considered regulated professionals. The duty requires that they themselves report known incidents to the police. This cannot be delegated to the Designated Safeguarding Lead.
- Be aware that up skirting is a criminal offence.
- Be aware of school whistleblowing procedures and policy;
  - All staff and volunteers should feel able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practice and potential failures in the school or college's safeguarding regime and know that such concerns will be taken seriously by the senior leadership team.
  - Where a staff member feels unable to raise concerns with the employer or feel that their genuine safeguarding concerns are not being addressed other whistleblowing channels may be open to them:

General guidance can be found at: [Advice on whistleblowing](#)

The NSPCC whistleblowing helpline [NSPCC Whistleblowing advice line](#) is available for staff who do not feel able to raise concerns internally.

Staff can call: 0800 028 0285 – line is available from 8:00 AM to 8:00 PM, Monday to Friday and Email: [help@nspcc.org.uk](mailto:help@nspcc.org.uk).

Information or concerns about children will be shared with the DSL where it includes those:

- who need a social worker and may be experiencing abuse or neglect
- requiring mental health support
- may benefit from early help
- where there is a radicalisation concern

- where a crime may have been committed
- where there is the potential for child-on-child abuse/child-on-child sexual harassment or sexual violence
- where there is potential for risk outside the home

**If a child is in immediate danger or is at risk of harm, a Request for Help and Support should be made to Children and Families, Contact Swindon and/or the police immediately.** Anyone can make a referral. Where referrals are not made by the DSL, the DSL should be informed, as soon as possible, that a referral has been made.

See [When to Call the Police](#) for further guidance around this.

### **Role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)**

The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) is a senior member of staff, who undertakes lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection (including online safety and understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place) within the school and should be explicit in the role holder's job description. The DSL carries a significant level of responsibility and they are given time, funding, resources and support to carry out the role effectively.

#### **Details of our DSL and Deputy DSL are:**

Karen Agambar – Designated Safeguarding Lead

[kagambar@kingsdownschool.co.uk](mailto:kagambar@kingsdownschool.co.uk)

Lee Hathaway – Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead

[Lhathaway2@kingsdownschool.co.uk](mailto:Lhathaway2@kingsdownschool.co.uk)

Mandi Coles - Designated Safeguarding Lead

[mcoles@kingsdownschool.co.uk](mailto:mcoles@kingsdownschool.co.uk)

and can be found on Kingsdown School website, our newsletters or the notice board in Reception.

Whilst the activities of the DSL can be delegated to appropriately trained deputies, the ultimate **lead responsibility** for safeguarding child protection remains with the DSL.

The DSL and DDSL at Kingsdown School should **undergo** training, to provide them with the knowledge and skills required to carry out the role. This training should be updated at least every two years. The designated safeguarding lead (and any deputies) should also undertake Prevent awareness training.

The safeguarding team at Kingsdown School understands the importance of providing information and support to Children's Social Care in order to safeguard and promote the welfare of children. They also understand the impact that

adversity and trauma can have, including on children's behaviour, mental health and wellbeing.

**The broad areas of responsibility for the DSL are:**

**Liaise** with the local authority and other agencies;

**To hear** the voice and views of children, by developing a culture of listening to children, taking account of their wishes and feelings

**Ensuring staff** understand the difficulties some children may have in approaching staff about their circumstances and fostering a culture Kingsdown School to overcome any barriers

**Provide** advice and support to staff regarding child welfare, safeguarding and child protection matters.

**Liaise** with staff, especially teachers, pastoral support staff, school nurses, IT technicians, senior mental health leads, special educational needs coordinators on matters of safety, safeguarding and welfare, including online and digital safety.

**Liaise** with the senior mental health lead and, where available, the mental health support team, where safeguarding concerns are linked to mental health

**Refer cases and managing referrals** to other agencies to ensure a child's needs are considered holistically including:

- the local authority children's social care in cases of suspected abuse;
- Wiltshire Prevent Policing team where there is a radicalisation concern;
- the Disclosure and Barring Service in cases where a person is dismissed or left due to risk/harm to a child and
- the Police in cases where a crime may have been committed in relation to safeguarding.

The DSL will also support and advise other staff in making referrals to other agencies:

**Refer** cases to the Police as required [When to call the police](#)

**Liaise** with the Headteacher/Principal to inform him or her of issues - especially ongoing enquiries under section 47 of the Children Act 1989 and police investigations. This should include being aware of the requirement for children to have an Appropriate Adult.

**Work with others** to fulfil statutory responsibilities in relation to children and young people subject to a child protection plan by attending child protection conferences and implementing the multiagency child protection plan; and when required, liaise with the case manager and the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) in relation to child protection cases, which concern a staff member.

**Promote** supportive engagement with parents and/or carers in safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children, including where families may be facing challenging circumstances

**Work** with the headteacher and relevant strategic leads, taking lead responsibility for promoting educational outcomes by knowing the welfare, safeguarding and child protection issues that children may be experiencing, or have experienced, and identifying the impact that these issues might be having on children's attendance, engagement and achievement at Kingsdown School.

**Ensure** the staff at Kingsdown School know the cohort of children who have or had a social worker, and they understand the academic progress and attainment whilst maintaining a culture of high aspirations for these children. Supporting teaching staff to provide additional academic support or reasonable adjustments to help these children to reach their potential.

**Ensure** staff Kingsdown School understand that although statutory intervention may have ended for a child that there may be a lasting impact on the child's educational outcomes

**The DSL** will act as a single point of contact for all matters of safeguarding and advice for staff, volunteers and governors.

**Ensure** every member of staff at Kingsdown School has access to the safeguarding and child protection policies and associated practices are known, understood and used appropriately. This includes part time and new staff.

**Provide** safeguarding training and understanding of policy and practice for new staff at their induction

**Link** with the safeguarding partner arrangements to ensure staff are aware of any training opportunities and the latest local policies on local safeguarding arrangements

**Provide** an annual report to the governing body on safeguarding and child protection activity within the school

**Manage safeguarding** information confidentially and safely through:

**Ensuring** that child protection records are kept up to date, and records are clear and comprehensive, that the record contains details of how concerns were followed up and resolved and that records note all actions taken and decisions made including outcomes.

**Ensuring** safeguarding records are shared **within 5 days** of a child leaving **Kingsdown School** or within **5 days** of starting a new term with a signed receipt being obtained

**The DSL** will understand that a lack of information about a child's circumstances can impact on a child's safety, welfare and educational outcomes, by providing information in a timely manner this will ensure the receiving **school/college** can

put in place the right support to safeguard this child and help the child to thrive. The DSL will share information in advance to the DSL at the new education setting prior to the child leaving to enable support to be available to safeguard the child.

**Availability** of the DSL (or any deputies) during term time and school hours will be ensured for staff in the school or college to discuss any safeguarding concerns

**Ensure** appropriate safeguarding cover and availability during term time/ any out of hours/out of term activities managed by the school to include support or attending child protection conferences and strategy discussions.

**Help** promote educational outcomes by sharing information about vulnerable learners with relevant staff. This includes ensuring that staff:

- know who these children are,
- understand their academic progress and attainment and maintain a culture of high aspirations for this cohort;
- are supported to identify the challenges that children in this group might face
- make reasonable adjustments so that they act to best support these children.

**KCSIE 2025 - Annex C provides more detail regarding the role of the DSL**

## **Governing Body**

The Governing Body at **Kingsdown School** have a strategic leadership responsibility for **Kingsdown School's** safeguarding arrangements. They must have regard to this guidance, ensuring policies, procedures and training in their schools or colleges are effective and comply with the law at all times. Headteachers and Principals should ensure that the policies and procedures, adopted by their governing bodies and proprietors (particularly those concerning referrals of cases of suspected abuse and neglect), are understood, and followed by all staff

The Governing Body at **Kingsdown School** will ensure that there is a senior board member lead to take responsibility of **Kingsdown School's** safeguarding arrangements. This senior board member must ensure that the member of staff from the school leadership team is appointed to the role of Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL). They will also ensure that the DSL has the additional time, funding, training, resources and support they need to carry out this substantial role effectively.

The Governing Body at **Kingsdown School** will ensure:

- They facilitate a **whole school** approach to safeguarding. This means involving everyone in the school and ensuring that safeguarding, and child

protection are at the forefront and underpin all relevant aspects of process and policy development

- That safeguarding and child protection practice, process and policies (including online safety) are in place, are effective and are compliant with legislation, statutory guidance and local safeguarding arrangements.
  - That the appointed Governor with Safeguarding responsibilities will liaise with the DSL to produce an annual report for governors and complete the S.175/157 (annual safeguarding) audit for the Swindon Safeguarding Partnership
  - That the school has a safeguarding policy
  - That the school has key policies in place to cover:
    - Behaviour
    - Code of Conduct
  - Appropriate safeguarding arrangements in place to respond to children who are absent from education
    - Attendance including the safeguarding response to children who go missing
    - Recruitment and Selection
    - Whistleblowing
    - Anti-Bullying Child on Child Abuse
    - Online Safety
    - Supporting Students with Mental Health
    - Supporting Children in Care
  - That Kingsdown School has policies and systems in place to prevent, identify and respond to Child-on-Child Abuse and Child-on-Child Sexual Harassment and Sexual Violence
  - The governing body reviews Kingsdown School safeguarding policies/procedures annually or as required due to changes in statutory guidance
  - That where possible more than one emergency contact telephone number is recorded for each pupil and this is checked on a regular basis
  - That there is an appropriately trained Designated Teacher appointed who should work with local authorities to promote the educational achievement of registered pupils who are looked after; those children who have left care through adoption; special guardianships or child care orders; or were adopted from state care outside England and Wales; and will work with the Virtual School Head
- Statutory guidance contains further information on the role and responsibilities of the designated teacher can be found here:  
[Designated teacher for looked-after and previously looked-after children](#)
- That the staff at Kingsdown School have the skills, knowledge and understanding to keep looked after children safe
  - Kingsdown School operates “safer recruitment” procedures and ensures that appropriate checks are carried out on all new staff and relevant

volunteers. In line with School Staffing Regulations, at least one person on any recruitment panel will have undertaken safer recruitment training.

- That the school has procedures for dealing with allegations of abuse against staff/volunteers
- That the **Chair of Governors** will liaise with the Local Authority Designated Officer, Police and other partner agencies in the event of allegations of abuse being made against the Headteacher
- That Kingsdown School will maintain a Single Central Record of relevant pre-employment checks as detailed in KCSIE 2025 and that details of individuals should be removed from the single central record when they leave the employment of Kingsdown School
- That all staff who work with children undergo safeguarding and child protection training, including online safety, at induction and this training is regularly updated.
- Staff will be aware that children can abuse children online and this can take the form of abusive, harassing and misogynistic/misandrist messages, the non-consensual sharing of indecent images and the sharing of abusive images
- That all **governors** receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection training, including online, at induction
- That Kingsdown School will contribute to multi-agency working in line with statutory guidance (see Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023)
- That Kingsdown School consider their duties as required in the Prevent Duty and has in place a Prevent risk assessment
- The governing body will be aware of their obligations under Human Rights Act 1998 and the Public Sector Equality Duty and the Swindon multi agency safeguarding arrangements
- That children are taught how to keep themselves and others safe, including online safety
- That Kingsdown School has appropriate filters and monitoring systems in place to support work online, but these will not act as an unreasonable restriction – these filters and monitors will be informed by the [Filtering and Monitoring Standards for Schools and Colleges](#)
- That the school remedies any safeguarding deficiencies or weaknesses brought to its attention without delay
- That where **governing bodies or proprietors** hire or rent out the school or college facilities/premises to organisations or individuals, appropriate arrangements are in place to keep children safe as detailed in KCSIE 2025. The Kingsdown School will seek assurance that the provider concerned has appropriate safeguarding and child protection policies and procedures in place (including inspecting these as needed); and ensure that there are arrangements in place for the provider to liaise with the school or college on these matters where appropriate. This applies regardless of whether or not the children who attend any of these services or activities are children

on the school roll or attend the college. The guidance on [Keeping children safe in out-of-school settings](#) details the safeguarding arrangements that these providers need to have in place.

## Training

In addition to this policy, **all** staff working directly with children will read and understand Part One and Annex B of **Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE) 2025**.

**All** staff members will receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection training on induction; this will be refreshed annually considering current key learning points and trends from serious case reviews and local current and emerging issues and trends. In addition, **all** staff will receive safeguarding and child protection updates (for example, via email, e-bulletins and staff meetings), as required, but at least annually, to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard children effectively

- Whistle blowing procedures will be covered in our whole school training so that staff know what to do if they have concerns relating to safeguarding practice within the school
- The DSL and any deputies will undergo training to provide them with the knowledge and skills required to carry out the role. The training will be updated every two years. Deputies will be trained to the same level as the DSL.
- **Governing bodies** will ensure that all staff members undergo safeguarding and child protection training at induction. The training will be regularly updated. Induction and training will be in line with advice from the Swindon Safeguarding Partnership
- Kingsdown School will ensure that at least one person on any appointment panel will have undertaken safer recruitment training
- The Designated Teacher appointed to promote the educational achievement of children in care will undergo appropriate training
- The DSL will undertake relevant Prevent awareness, Prevent referral and Channel training and in turn will provide training, advice and support to staff on protecting children from the risk of radicalisation. All other school staff members will complete appropriate training, this will include FGM and Prevent training using quality assured provision such as the [Government Online Prevent E-training learning package](#).
- Online and internet safety training for staff will be integrated, aligned and considered as part of the overarching safeguarding approach
- All members of the governing board will be trained in safeguarding (including Prevent)



## Safer Recruitment and Selection

Kingsdown School has a culture that safeguards and promotes the welfare of children in our school. At Kingsdown School we have robust recruitment procedures that deter or prevent people who are unsuitable to work with children from applying or securing employment with us, this includes volunteers who may work in our **school**.

- Kingsdown School pays full regard to the safer recruitment practices detailed in 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' (2025) including:
  - All our advertisements for positions in our school contain safeguarding statements,
  - Advert, job description, person specifications and application forms, include safeguarding information relating to regulated activity,
  - The safeguarding policy and associated processes will be provided within the applicant pack.
  - All applications including shortlisting will follow safer recruitment procedures and guidance within KCSIE 2025, which includes pre-appointment vetting checks.
  - As part of the shortlisting process, Kingsdown School will consider carrying out an online search as part of our due diligence on the shortlisted candidates. Kingsdown School will inform shortlisted candidates that online searches may be undertaken as part of due diligence checks.
  - References will always be obtained from the candidate's current employer and completed by a senior person with the appropriate authority, (if the referee is school or college based, the reference should be confirmed by the headteacher/principal)
  - References will be scrutinised and concerns resolved satisfactorily before appointment is confirmed.
  - Kingsdown School **will not accept open references,**

All recruitment materials will include reference to Kingsdown School commitment to safeguarding and promoting the wellbeing of pupils.

## Staff Support

The stressful and traumatic nature of safeguarding and child protection work is recognised by Kingsdown School. Kingsdown School will support staff by providing an opportunity to talk through their anxieties with the DSL and to seek further support, as appropriate. Further, Kingsdown School will endeavour to create a robust safeguarding culture and environment, so that staff feel comfortable to discuss matters that occur outside the workplace, which may have implications on their practice to safeguarding of children in our school.

## Support for Children

Opportunities will be provided for students to develop skills, concepts, attitudes and knowledge that promote their safety and wellbeing.

Kingsdown School understands that if children are at risk or have suffered abuse that a child will need support and all staff will understand their responsibilities to always act in the best interest of the child.

Children will always be encouraged and supported to report any incidences of abuse to a member of staff who will liaise with the DSL.

Kingsdown School will take a zero-tolerance approach to any child-on-child abuse, sexual harassment and/or sexual violence. Children at Kingsdown School will never be made to feel ashamed or feel that they are the problem for making a report.

Support for children will be tailored on a case-by-case basis.

Staff will understand that if a child has experienced abuse, harassment, a sexual assault or are being exploited then they will likely to be traumatised and may struggle in normal classroom environments.

Kingsdown School will always endeavour to seek the child's views and if required allocate a designated trusted adult, as far as reasonable this will be the child's choice.

Kingsdown School will act in the best interests of the child when concerns arise, **immediate** consideration will be given on how best to support and protect both the child displaying and those experiencing the harmful behaviour (also any other children involved/impacted).

*We understand the importance of providing help and support for any child displaying or experiencing harmful behaviour, our role is not to judge but to provide safeguarding support for all children. **Refer to KSIE 2025, Part five: Child-on-child sexual violence and sexual harassment***

## Whole School Approach

All policies which address issues of power and potential harm, for example anti-bullying, equality and diversity, will be linked to ensure we have a whole school approach.

Our safeguarding policy cannot be separated from the general ethos of our **school**, which ensures that students are treated with respect and dignity, taught to treat each other with respect, feel safe, have a voice, and are listened to.

Staff members working with children are advised to maintain an attitude of **'it could happen here'** where safeguarding is concerned. When concerned about

the welfare of a child, staff members should always act in the **best** interests of the child.

### **Identification of those at Increased Risk, or have Additional Safeguarding Needs**

Whilst all children should be protected, certain groups of children are potentially at greater risk of harm than others (both online and offline):

- Children who need a social worker (Child in Need and Child Protection Plans)
- Children who are absent from education
- Elective home education (EHE)
- Young carers
- Children with mental health concerns
- Children Looked After and previously Children Looked After (all care experienced children)
- Children living in households where there is domestic abuse, mental health concerns and/or substance misuse
- Children with parents who are currently in prison etc.

Kingsdown School will take steps to identify those at greater risk, ensure they are regularly monitored and appropriate measures are put in place to support their needs.

### **Extra familial harm - Contextual Safeguarding**

Contextual Safeguarding is an approach to understanding, and responding to, children's experiences of significant harm beyond their families. It recognises that the different relationships that young people form in their neighbourhoods, schools and online can feature violence and abuse. Parents and carers possibly have little influence over these contexts, and children's experiences of extra-familial abuse can possibly undermine parent-child relationships. Therefore, staff at Kingsdown School will be considering the context within which incidents and or behaviours occur, exercise professional curiosity and any actions taken will consider the safety and wellbeing of the child within this context. This is known as **Contextual Safeguarding**.

### **Managing allegations made against members of staff or volunteers**

### **Allegations that meet the harms threshold**

All staff should report any concerns relating to staff to the Headteacher without delay, the Headteacher will report all allegations that meet the harms threshold to the LADO within 24 hours of the allegation having been received.

Where there are concerns/allegations about the Headteacher or Principal, this should be referred to the Governing Body.

All allegations will be managed in line with the statutory guidance in KCSIE 2025 and the school whistleblowing procedure.

Where an allegation is of a 'low level concern' and it is felt it does not meet any of the harms threshold then Kingsdown School will ensure KCSIE 2025 processes are followed.

Advice will be sought from Swindon LADO in any instances where it is unsure if the harms threshold has been met.

Where staff feel unable to raise an issue with the Headteacher or Governing Body or feel their genuine safeguarding concerns are not being addressed NSPCC whistleblowing advice line is available.

Staff can call 08000 28 0285 – 8:00 AM to 8:00 PM, Monday to Friday and email: [help@nspcc.org.uk](mailto:help@nspcc.org.uk). Alternatively, staff can write to: National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children (NSPCC), Weston House, 42 Curtain Road, London EC2A 3NH.

### **Key Safeguarding Areas**

In addition to the above, there are other areas of safeguarding, Kingsdown School has a responsibility to address and these include (see KCSIE 2025 Annex B for full details):

Child abduction and community safety incidents	Child criminal exploitation (CCE) and Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)
Children and the court system	Children who are absent from education
Children with family members in prison	Cybercrime
Domestic Abuse	Homelessness
Mental health	Modern slavery and the National Referral Mechanism
Preventing radicalisation	The Prevent Duty
Channel	Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges

Serious violence	So called 'honour-based' abuse (including Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and Forced Marriage)
Additional advice and support	

## Procedures

### Reporting Concerns

The procedure to respond to a concern about a child is detailed in **Appendix B**.

### Involving Parents and Carers

In general, the DSL will discuss any child protection concerns with parents/carers before making a referral to another agency including Children and Families, Contact Swindon.

There may be occasions when the DSL will contact another agency **before** informing parents/carers because they consider that by contacting them it may increase the risk of harm to the child.

***The Data Protection Act 2018 and UK General Data Protection Regulation do not prevent the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe and promoting their welfare. Fears about sharing information must not be allowed to stand in the way of the need to safeguard and promote the welfare of children.***

### Multi Agency Working

Staff at Kingsdown School understand the importance of our role to work in partnership with other agencies and that we have a shared and equal duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of children. If there are safeguarding or child protection concerns, referrals should be made by the DSL (or Deputy DSL) to Children and Families, Contact Swindon by phone (01793 464646 or if out of hours 01793 436699) following up with a referral on a Request for Help and Support (RHS).

Where the child already has a social worker, the request for service should go immediately to the social worker involved or, in their absence, to their team manager.

If there is immediate risk then a call **must** be made to the Police.  
All situations where rape of a child has been disclosed then contact with Police **must** be made.

At Kingsdown School all staff will understand the age and meaning of consent.

Further information can be found in **KCSIE 2025 Part 5: Child-on-child sexual violence and sexual harassment**

Kingsdown School will co-operate with any child protection enquiries including statutory safeguarding assessments conducted by children's social care: Kingsdown School will ensure representation at single and multi-agency meetings such as integrated support plan meetings, initial and review child protection conferences and core group meetings.

Where a pupil/student is subject to a multi-agency meeting, Kingsdown School will contribute to any information requests.

## **Professional Resolution**

Kingsdown School will use the Swindon Safeguarding Partnership Policy on resolution of professional disagreements relating to safeguarding and protection of children in all cases where escalation is required, to achieve the right outcome for children.

[Professional Resolution policy - Swindon Safeguarding Partnership](#)

## **Exclusions**

When Kingsdown School is considering excluding, either fixed term or permanently, a vulnerable pupil and / or a student who is the subject of a child protection plan, is a child looked after or where there are safeguarding concerns Kingsdown School will follow the local authority procedures. A contextual safeguarding risk assessment and safety plan will be considered prior to any exclusion.

## **Private Fostering Arrangements**

Where Kingsdown School staff become aware that a pupil may be in a private fostering arrangement, they should raise this, in the first instance, with the DSL. The DSL will notify the local authority of the circumstances to enable the local authority to discharge their duties.

Private fostering occurs when a child under the age of 16 (under 18 for children with a disability) is provided with care and accommodation by someone who is not a parent, person with parental responsibility for them or a relative in their own home, for 28 days or more.

## **FGM Reporting Guidance**

### **Mandatory reporting duty for teachers**

All staff, particularly teachers at Kingsdown School understand the duty to report to Police where they discover that FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under the age of 18. It will be rare for teachers to see visual evidence, and they should **not** be examining students.

Staff at Kingsdown School understand that if there is a suspicion that a girl may be travelling for the purposes of FGM, the teacher or DSL will report this directly to Police as the child may be in immediate risk of harm.

Phone 101 if a known case (999 if the child is in immediate risk of harm). It is also good practice to inform Children and Families Contact Swindon of these actions).

### **Children who are absent from education (to be read in conjunction with the Attendance Policy)**

Staff at Kingsdown School understand that children being absent from school or college, particularly repeatedly and/or for prolonged periods, and children missing education can act as a vital warning sign of a range of safeguarding possibilities. This is a potential indicator of abuse or neglect such as sexual abuse or exploitation and can be a sign of child criminal exploitation including involvement in county lines. It may indicate mental health problems, risk of substance abuse, risk of travelling to conflict zones, risk of female genital mutilation, so called

'honour'-based abuse or risk of forced marriage. Early intervention is essential to identify the existence of any underlying safeguarding risk and to help prevent the risks of a child going missing in future. It is important that all staff follow Kingsdown School procedures for unauthorised absence and children missing education procedures.

### **Alternative Provision**

Where a school places a pupil with an alternative provision provider, it continues to be responsible for the safeguarding of that pupil and should be satisfied that the placement meets the pupil's needs. The cohort of pupils in Alternative Provision often have complex needs, it is important that governing bodies and proprietors of these settings are aware of the additional risk of harm that their pupils may be vulnerable to. Schools should obtain written information from the alternative provider that appropriate safeguarding checks have been carried out on individuals working at their establishment (i.e. those checks that schools would otherwise perform on their own staff). This includes written confirmation that the alternative provider will inform the commissioning school of any arrangements that may put the child at risk (i.e. staff changes), so that the commissioning school can ensure itself that appropriate safeguarding checks have been carried out on new staff.

Schools should always know where a child is based during school hours. This includes having records of the address of the alternative provider and any subcontracted provision or satellite sites the child may attend. They should regularly review the alternative provision placements they make. Reviews should be frequent enough (at least half termly) to provide assurance that the child is regularly attending and the placement continues to be safe and meets the child's needs. Where safeguarding concerns arise, the placement should be immediately reviewed, and terminated, if necessary, unless or until those concerns have been satisfactorily addressed.

The department has issued two pieces of statutory guidance to which commissioners of Alternative Provision should have regard:

- *Alternative Provision DFE statutory guidance*
- *Education for children with health needs who cannot attend school - GOV.UK ([www.gov.uk](http://www.gov.uk)) – DFE statutory guidance.*

### **Child on Child abuse and Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment between children**

We recognise that children are capable of abusing their peers and that sexual abuse of children by other children is a specific safeguarding issue and that this can happen both inside and outside of school including happening online.

Abuse will never be tolerated or passed off as “banter” or “part of growing up”.



All staff at Kingsdown School understand that even if there are no reports in school that it does not mean it is not happening, it may be the case that children are just not reporting it.

All staff will be vigilant to what they hear, are told and see and will report all concerns, disclosures or incidents to the DSL.

Staff at Kingsdown School will challenge any inappropriate behaviour between peers, they will not downplay or dismiss behaviours as 'just banter', 'just having a laugh', 'part of growing up' or 'boys being boys'. All Staff at Kingsdown School will develop and model the ethos and culture of our school's zero tolerance of this type of behaviour and will support and encourage children to come forward and report any issues or concerns they have.

All staff will be trained to recognise signs and symptoms which may signal a child is at risk from sexual harassment or sexual violence and all other types of child on child abuse.

If a pupil makes an allegation of abuse against another pupil:

- Staff will inform the DSL and record the allegation, but will not investigate it
- The DSL will liaise with Children and Families, Contact Swindon and follow its advice, as well as the police if the allegation involves a potential criminal offence

The DSL will put a risk assessment and support plan into place for all children involved – both the child(ren) who experience the abuse and the child(ren) against whom the allegation has been made – with a named trusted adult they can talk to if needed

**All** who experience abuse will be reassured that they are being taken seriously and that they will be supported and kept safe. Those who experience abuse will never be given the impression that they are creating a problem by reporting sexual violence or sexual harassment. Those who experience abuse will never be made to feel ashamed for making a report.

In addition to existing advice about managing a disclosure contained in this policy, staff will follow [Searching, Screening and Confiscation Advice 2022](#). This Advice contains procedures Kingsdown School will follow should Police conduct a strip search of children on school premises.

The DSL will manage any incidents in line with the guidance contained in Part 5 KCSIE 2025.

Kingsdown School will minimise the risk of child-on-child abuse by:

- Challenging any form of derogatory or sexualised language or behaviour
- Being vigilant to issues that particularly affect different vulnerable groups

- Ensure our curriculum helps to educate pupils about appropriate behaviour and consent
- Ensure pupils know they can talk to staff confidentially by using SHARPS (Student Help Advice Reporting System) to ensure their concerns are heard and their wishes are understood
- Ensure staff are trained to understand that a pupil harming a peer could be a sign that the child is being abused themselves, and that this would fall under the scope of this policy

## **Serious Violence**

- All staff will be aware of the risk factors which may signal a child is at risk from or are involved in serious violent crime. These may include increased absence from school, a change in friendships or relationships with older individuals or groups, a significant decline in performance, signs of self-harm, a change in wellbeing, signs of unexplained injuries or assault. Unexplained gifts or new possessions could also indicate a child is being exploited.
- All staff are aware of the risk factors which increase the likelihood of a child becoming involved in serious violence such as being male, having been frequently absent from school or permanently excluded from school, having experienced maltreatment and having been involved in offending, such as theft or robbery.
- All staff will be aware that violence can peak in the hours just before or after school.
- All staff will report any concerns to the DSL.

## **The Prevent Duty**

As with other safeguarding risks, staff will be alert to changes in children's behaviour which could indicate that they may be in need of help or protection. Staff will use their judgement in identifying children who might be at risk of radicalisation and act proportionately which may include our DSL making a referral using the agreed local Prevent referral procedures.

All referrals will be made to [Preventreferrals@wiltshire.police.uk](mailto:Preventreferrals@wiltshire.police.uk) by our DSL where it will be reviewed, there may be a need for a multi-agency Channel panel where information from partners is reviewed and the referral considered, level of vulnerability agreed and consider what support may be needed Kingsdown School's DSL will provide information and attend Channel Panels where they are requested to do so.

Kingsdown School's DSL will also consider whether it is appropriate to share information with any new education setting in advance of the child leaving our school. This is to ensure the new setting are able to continue supporting the child through the Channel programme.

## **Sharing of Information**

Kingsdown School recognises the need to be proactive in sharing information as early as possible to help identify, assess and respond to risks or concerns about the safety and welfare of children.

Whilst the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018 places duties on organisations and individuals to process personal information fairly and lawfully, it is not a barrier to sharing information where the failure to do so would result in a child being placed at risk of harm. Fears about sharing information **cannot** be allowed to stand in the way of the need to promote the welfare and protect the safety of children; if unsure, staff should contact the DSL to discuss. Kingsdown School will use the government's guidance '[Information Sharing: Advice for practitioners providing services to children, young people, parents and carers](#)' (2024) to help manage information sharing in their setting.

## **Transfer of safeguarding records when a pupil moves to a new setting**

Where children leave Kingsdown School the DSL will ensure their child protection/safeguarding file is transferred to the new education setting **within 5 days**. This will allow the new school or college to continue supporting children who have had a social worker or have been victims of abuse and have that support in place for when the child arrives, also ensuring secure transit, and confirmation of receipt will be obtained. This file will be transferred separately from the main pupil file.

The DSL will ensure this file is transferred within 5 days for an in-year transfer and within 5 days of the start of a new term.

Kingsdown School's DSL will also consider if it would be appropriate to share any additional information with the new education setting in advance of a child leaving to help them put in place the right support to safeguard this child and to help the child thrive in the school or college

The school will retain records for pupils where there is an existing safeguarding /child protection file or who have been withdrawn to be electively educated at home. These will be stored confidentially until the child's 25th birthday and then disposed of in a confidential and secure manner.

## **Appendix A**

## Forms of abuse and neglect

Abuse: a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others. Abuse can take place wholly online, or technology may be used to facilitate offline abuse. Children may be abused by an adult or adults or by another child or children.

All Kingsdown School staff will be made aware that abuse, neglect and safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events that can be covered by one definition or label. In most cases multiple issues will overlap with one another. For children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) and those with relevant health conditions additional barriers can exist when identifying abuse and neglect, these include:

- assumptions that indicators of possible abuse such as behaviour, mood and injury relate to the child's disability without further exploration;
- being more prone to peer group isolation than other children;
- the potential for children with SEN and disabilities being disproportionately impacted by behaviours such as bullying, without outwardly showing any signs;
- possible communication barriers and difficulties in overcoming these barriers.

**Physical abuse:** a form of abuse, which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.

**Emotional abuse:** the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning or preventing the child from participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone

**Sexual abuse:** involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing, and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse. Sexual abuse can take place online, and technology can be used to facilitate offline abuse. Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children. The sexual abuse of children by other children is a specific safeguarding issue.

**Neglect:** the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.

**Domestic Abuse:** The Domestic Abuse Act 2021 received Royal Assent on 29 April 2021. The Act introduces the first ever statutory definition of domestic abuse and recognises the impact of domestic abuse on children, as victims in their own right, if they see, hear or experience the effects of abuse. The statutory definition of domestic abuse, based on the previous cross-government definition, ensures that different types of relationships are captured, including ex-partners and family members. The definition captures a range of different abusive behaviours, including physical, emotional and economic abuse and coercive and controlling behaviour. Both the person who is carrying out the behaviour and the person to whom the behaviour is directed towards must be aged 16 or over and they must be "personally connected" (as defined in section 2 of the 2021 Act). Types of domestic abuse include intimate partner violence, abuse by family members, teenage relationship abuse and child/adolescent to parent violence and abuse. Anyone can be a victim of domestic abuse, regardless of sexual identity, age, ethnicity, socioeconomic status, sexuality or background and domestic abuse can take place inside or outside of the home. The government will issue statutory guidance to provide further information for those working with domestic abuse victims and perpetrators, including the impact on children. All children can witness and be adversely affected by domestic abuse in the context of their home life where domestic abuse occurs between family members. Experiencing domestic abuse and/or violence can have a serious, long lasting emotional and psychological impact on children. In some cases, a child may blame themselves for the abuse or may have had to leave the family home as a result. Young people

can also experience domestic abuse within their own intimate relationships. This form of child-on-child abuse is sometimes referred to as 'teenage relationship abuse'. Depending on the age of the young people, this may not be recognised in law under the statutory definition of 'domestic abuse' (if one or both parties are under 16).

## **Appendix B**

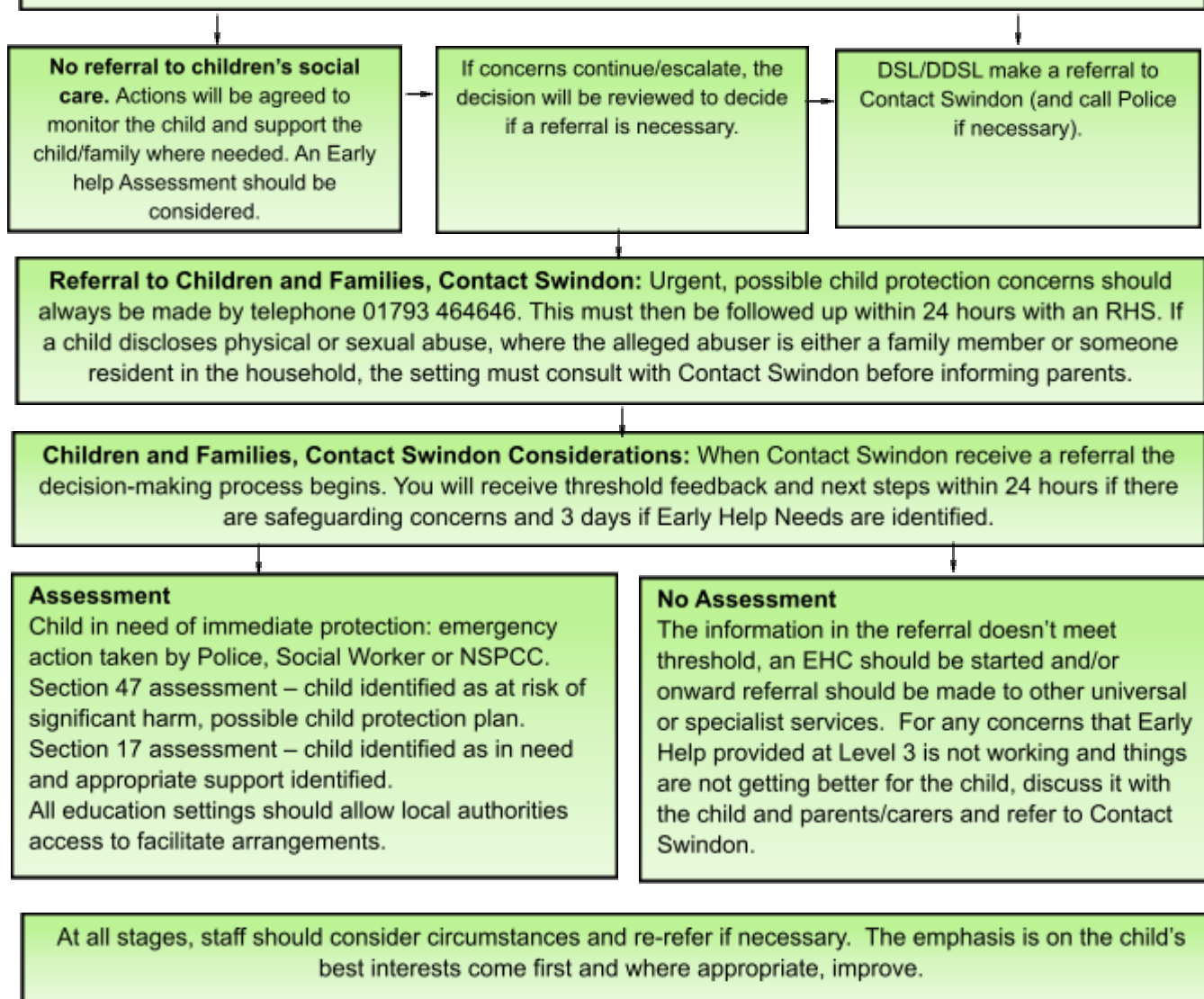
## If you have concerns about a child

If the child is at immediate risk call the Police on 999. Police MUST be informed of all sexual assault cases.

To make an urgent referral to Children and Families, Contact Swindon 01793 464646 Out of hours 01793 436699

To make a Prevent referral, complete the form that can be [found here](#). For questions, contact the Prevent team [PreventReferrals@wiltshire.police.uk](mailto:PreventReferrals@wiltshire.police.uk) or their duty number 01278 647435. It may be necessary to also refer to Children and Families, Contact Swindon. Call on 01793 464646 or 01793 436699 for Out of Hours advice.

**Sharing/recording concerns:** Anyone with immediate concerns about a child takes immediate action by following the setting's policy and informs a member of the safeguarding team. The information will be considered by the DSL and decide on the next steps. Parents/Carers should be involved at this stage, unless doing so may place the child at increased risk of significant harm, in which case seek advice from Contact Swindon.



## Appendix C



## If you have concerns about an adult

All staff and visits, working in our school understand and adhere to a staff code of conduct.

<p>If you have a concern about an adult, raise your concerns immediately with the Headteacher who will refer to the LADO (Local Area Designated Officer).</p> <p>The Headteacher is Mrs Emma Leigh-Bennett</p> <p>If the Headteacher is not available, contact the most senior member of staff on site.</p> <p>If your concern is about the Headteacher, contact the Chair of Governors - Mrs Vanessa Edwards <a href="mailto:COG@kingsdownschool.co.uk">COG@kingsdownschool.co.uk</a></p>	
<p>If a Headteacher is unable to determine if a concern meets the allegation management threshold or if it should be managed as a low-level concern, they can arrange a consultation phone call by <b>completing the referral form</b> to the LADO.</p>	
<p>Please note, referrals must be from Headteacher or equivalent, as per KCSIE guidance. The LADO is no longer able to liaise with other school colleagues such as a DSLs, pastoral support etc.</p>	
<p>LADO 01793 463 854 <a href="mailto:LADO@swindon.gov.uk">LADO@swindon.gov.uk</a></p>	<p>NSPCC 0800 028 0285 <a href="mailto:help@nspcc.org.uk">help@nspcc.org.uk</a></p>
<p>For help and advice or if a member of staff feels their genuine concerns are not being addressed, general guidance can be found at:</p> <p><a href="#">Advice on whistleblowing</a></p> <p>The NSPCC whistleblowing helpline is available for staff who do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally.</p> <p>Staff can call: 0800 028 0285 — line is available from 8:00 AM to 8:00 PM, Monday to Friday and Email: <a href="mailto:help@nspcc.org.uk">help@nspcc.org.uk</a>.</p>	

## Appendix D

## Dealing with a Disclosure of Abuse

### When a child tells me about abuse they have suffered, what must I remember?

- Stay calm.
- Consider using the acronym **TED** - **T**ell me about, **E**xplain, **D**escribe
- Do not communicate shock, anger or embarrassment.
- Reassure the child. Tell her/him you are pleased that s/he is speaking to you.
- Never promise confidentiality. Assure her/him that you will try to help but let the child know that you may have to tell other people in order to do this. State who this will be and why.
- Encourage the child to talk but do not ask "leading questions" or press for information.
- Listen and remember.
- Check that you have understood correctly what the child is trying to tell you.
- Praise the child for telling you. Communicate that s/he has a right to be safe and protected.
- It is inappropriate to make any comments about the alleged offender.
- Be aware that the child may retract what s/he has told you. It is essential to record all you have heard.
- At the end of the conversation, tell the child again who you are going to tell and why that person or those people need to know.
- As soon as you can afterwards, make a detailed record of the conversation using the child's own language. Include any questions you may have asked. Do not add any opinions or interpretations. Add your name, date and signature to this record. Alter this to reflect your CP recording system, ensure any handwritten notes are given to the DSL for filing
- Pass this record on as soon as possible, immediately if significant risk is identified, to the DSL
- The 5 Rs will also help - Recognise, Refer, Record, Report, Respond



It is not education staff's role to seek disclosures or investigate. Their role is to observe that something may be wrong, ask about it, listen, be available and ensure the child is supported through any disclosure process.

## **Appendix E**

### **For school use only**

<b>School</b>		
DSL	Karen Agambar	kagambar@kingsdownschool.co.uk
DDSL	Lee Hathaway	lhathaway2@kingsdownschool.co.uk
DDSL	Mandi Coles	mcoles@kingsdownschool.co.uk

<b>Local Authority</b>		
Children and Families Contact Swindon		<a href="mailto:contactchildrenandfamilies@swindon.gov.uk">contactchildrenandfamilies@swindon.gov.uk</a> 01793 464646 Out of hours 01793 436699
Education Safeguarding Officer – MASH	Louise Forrester	<a href="mailto:lforrester@swindon.gov.uk">lforrester@swindon.gov.uk</a>
LADO	Louise Chandler	<a href="mailto:LADO@swindon.gov.uk">LADO@swindon.gov.uk</a>
Lead Safeguarding Advisor	Tanya Westall	<a href="mailto:twestall@swindon.gov.uk">twestall@swindon.gov.uk</a>
Assistant Safeguarding Officers	Suzanne Gregory Rhianne Parkes	<a href="mailto:sgregory2@swindon.gov.uk">sgregory2@swindon.gov.uk</a> <a href="mailto:rparkes@swindon.gov.uk">rparkes@swindon.gov.uk</a>

<b>Police</b>		
PCSO		<a href="#">Your area   Wiltshire Police</a>
Prevent Referrals		<a href="mailto:PreventReferrals@wiltshire.police.uk">PreventReferrals@wiltshire.police.uk</a> <a href="#">Prevent   Wiltshire Police</a> 01278 647435
Police Intelligence Submissions		<a href="#">Community Partners Information Sharing Form</a>